

# A FEFERMAN-VAUGHT DECOMPOSITION THEOREM FOR WEIGHTED MSO LOGIC

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formula  $\beta$

satisfaction

structure  $\mathcal{A}$

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## Feferman-Vaught theorem

question about union of structures  $\mathcal{A} \sqcup \mathcal{B}$

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## Feferman-Vaught theorem

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↑

combine answers

↗

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↖

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# MODEL THEORY

$\sigma = (\text{Rel}, \text{ar})$	signature
$\text{Rel} = \{R_1, \dots, R_m\}$	relation symbols
$\text{ar}: \text{Rel} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$	arity function

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Ex.	$\text{label}_a(\cdot)$ $\text{label}_b(\cdot)$ $\text{edge}(\cdot, \cdot)$
$\mathcal{A} = (A, \mathcal{I})$	$\sigma$ -structure
$A$	finite universe
$\mathcal{I}(R) \subseteq A^{\text{ar}(R)}$ ( $R \in \text{Rel}$ )	interpretation

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Disjoint union  $\mathcal{A} \sqcup \mathcal{B}$  of  $\sigma$ -structures

$\mathcal{A} \sqcup \mathcal{B}$	universe
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MSO( $\sigma$ ) logic

$\beta ::= R(x_1, \dots, x_n) \mid x \in X \mid \neg\beta \mid \beta \vee \beta \mid \exists x.\beta \mid \exists X.\beta$

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Propositional formulas Prop

$P ::= x_i \mid y_i \mid P \vee P \mid P \wedge P$

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$\llbracket \bigoplus x. \bigoplus y. \text{edge}(x, y) \rrbracket$

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Expressions  $\text{Exp}_n(S)$

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$\langle\langle E \rangle\rangle: S^n \times S^n \rightarrow S$

$$\langle\langle x_1 \oplus y_2 \rangle\rangle(\bar{s}, \bar{t}) = s_1 \oplus t_2$$

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$$\bar{\varphi}^1 = \bar{\varphi}^2 = (\varphi_{|b-b|}, \varphi_{|a|})$$

$$E = (x_1 \oplus y_1) \otimes (x_2 \oplus y_2)$$

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- infinite structures      bicomplete semirings
- specific semirings      no restrictions
  - De Morgan algebras, locally finite semirings

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$\otimes x. \oplus y. 1$	$ A ^{ A }$	$(\mathbb{N}_0, +, \cdot, 0, 1)$
$\otimes x. \otimes y. 1$	$ A ^2$	$(\mathbb{R} \cup \{-\infty\}, \max, +, -\infty, 0)$
$\otimes X. 1$	$2^{ A }$	$(\mathbb{R} \cup \{-\infty\}, \max, +, -\infty, 0)$

# RAMSEY THEOREM

Let  $X$  infinite set

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$$f: \left[ \frac{X}{2} \right] \rightarrow \{1, \dots, k\}$$

Then

$$\exists Y \subseteq X \text{ infinite with } f|_{\left[ \frac{Y}{2} \right]} \equiv \text{constant}$$

**RESTRICTION:**  $(\mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}, \text{MAX}, +, \infty, 0)$

assume

$$\llbracket \otimes x. \otimes y. 1 \rrbracket(\mathcal{A} \sqcup \mathcal{B}) = \langle\!\langle E \rangle\!\rangle(\llbracket \bar{\varphi}^1 \rrbracket(\mathcal{A}), \llbracket \bar{\varphi}^2 \rrbracket(\mathcal{B})) \quad \forall \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}$$

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$$\mathcal{S}_I = (\{1, \dots, I\}, \emptyset)$$

**RESTRICTION:**  $(\mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}, \text{MAX}, +, \infty, 0)$

assume

$$\llbracket \otimes x. \otimes y. 1 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_l \sqcup \mathcal{S}_m) = \langle\!\langle E \rangle\!\rangle(\llbracket \bar{\varphi}^1 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_l), \llbracket \bar{\varphi}^2 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_m)) \quad \forall l, m$$

$$\mathcal{S}_l = (\{1, \dots, l\}, \emptyset)$$

**RESTRICTION:**  $(\mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}, \text{MAX}, +, \infty, 0)$

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$$E = \bigoplus_{i=1}^k \left( x_1^{g_{1,i}} \otimes \dots \otimes x_n^{g_{n,i}} \otimes y_1^{h_{1,i}} \otimes \dots \otimes y_n^{h_{n,i}} \right) \quad \text{wlog}$$

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$$a_{li} = (\llbracket \bar{\varphi}_1^1 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_I))^{g_{1,i}} \otimes \dots \otimes (\llbracket \bar{\varphi}_n^1 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_I))^{g_{n,i}}$$

$$b_{mi} = (\llbracket \bar{\varphi}_1^2 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_m))^{h_{1,i}} \otimes \dots \otimes (\llbracket \bar{\varphi}_n^2 \rrbracket(\mathcal{S}_m))^{h_{n,i}}$$

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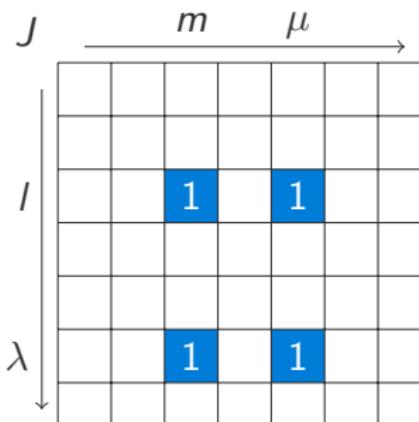
choose  $j_{lm}$  with  $(l+m)^2 = a_{lj_{lm}} + b_{mj_{lm}}$

$J$	$m$					
	2	3	1	2	1	2
	2	1	2	3	2	3
$l$	1	3	1	2	1	2
	3	2	1	2	1	3
	1	2	3	2	2	1
	1	2	1	3	1	2

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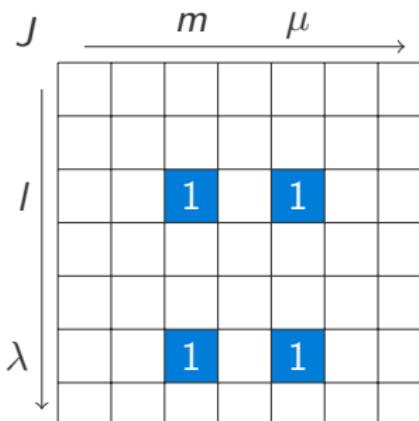


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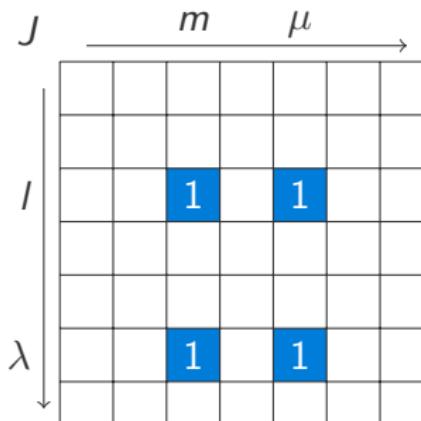
$$(l+m)^2 = a_{l1} + b_{m1}$$



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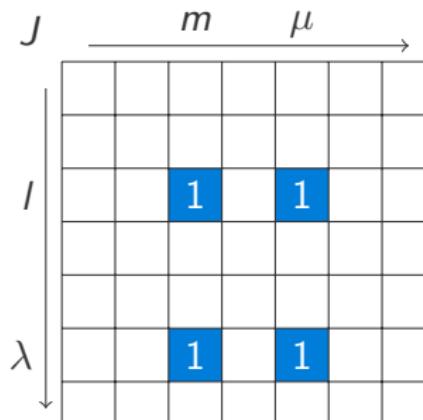
$$(l+m)^2 = a_{l1} + b_{m1}$$

$$(\lambda+m)^2 = a_{\lambda 1} + b_{m1}$$

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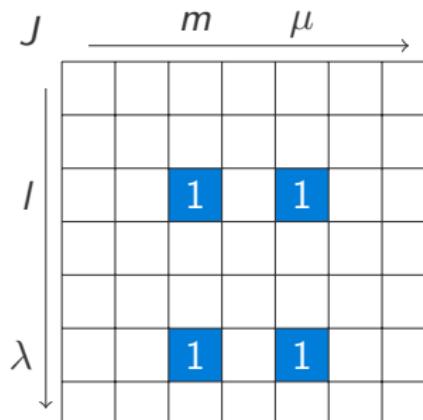
$$(\lambda+m)^2 = a_{\lambda 1} + b_{m1}$$

$$(l+\mu)^2 = a_{l1} + b_{\mu 1}$$

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$$(l+m)^2 = a_{l1} + b_{m1}$$

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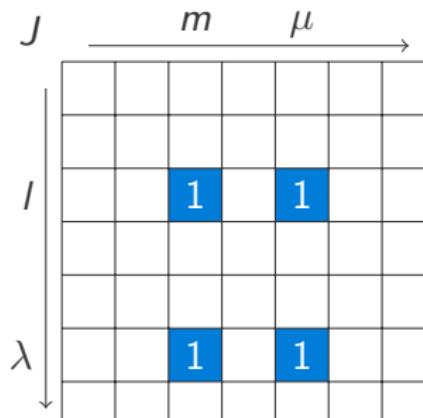
$$(l+\mu)^2 = a_{l1} + b_{\mu 1}$$

$$(\lambda+\mu)^2$$

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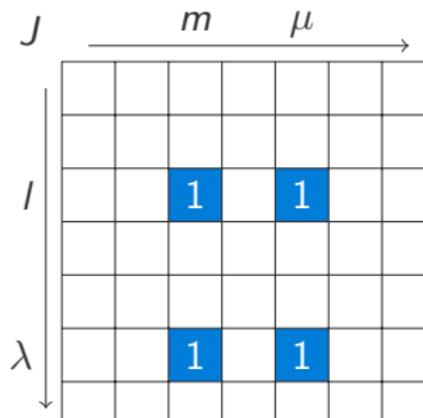
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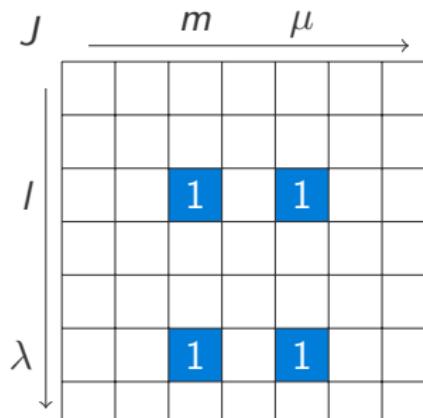
$$(\lambda+\mu)^2 = a_{\lambda 1} + b_{\mu 1}$$

$$= (\lambda+m)^2 - b_{m1} + (l+\mu)^2 - a_{l1}$$

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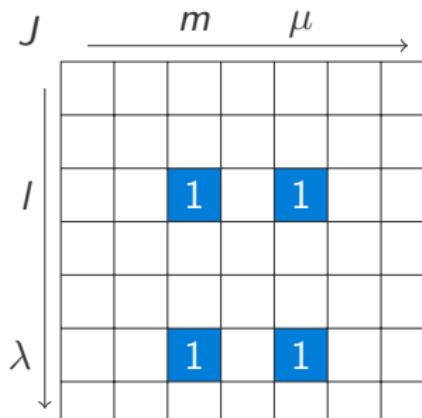
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$$= (\lambda + m)^2 + (I + \mu)^2 - (I + m)^2$$

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$$= (\lambda + m)^2 - b_{m1} + (I + \mu)^2 - a_{l1}$$

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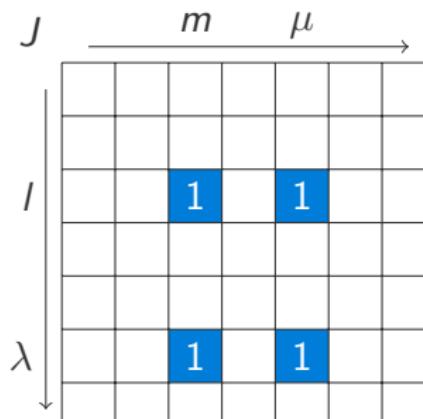
⋮

$$= (\lambda + \mu)^2 - 2(\lambda - l)(\mu - m)$$

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$$= (\lambda + m)^2 - b_{m1} + (I + \mu)^2 - a_{l1}$$

$$= (\lambda + m)^2 + (I + \mu)^2 - (I + m)^2$$

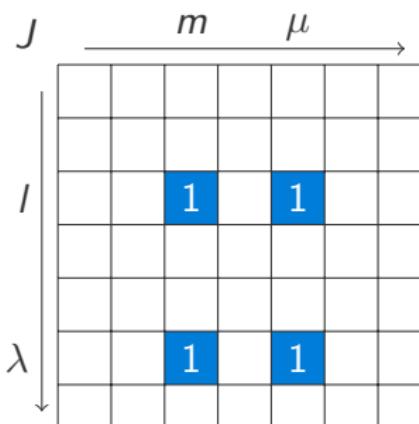
⋮

$$< (\lambda + \mu)^2$$

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Ramsey: define  $f: [\frac{\mathbb{N}}{2}] \rightarrow \{1, \dots, k\}$

$\{l, m\} \mapsto j_{lm}$  for  $l < m$

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$J$	$m$				
	3	1	2	1	2
	2	3	2	3	
		2	1	2	
			1	3	
				1	
$\downarrow$					

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	2	1	2		
	1		3		
			1		
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Let

$$Y \subseteq \mathbb{N} \text{ infinite} \quad \text{with} \quad f|_{\left[\frac{Y}{2}\right]} \equiv j$$

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		→				
		→				
		3	1	2	1	2
		2	3	2	3	
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		1	3			
		1				
J						
I						
↓						

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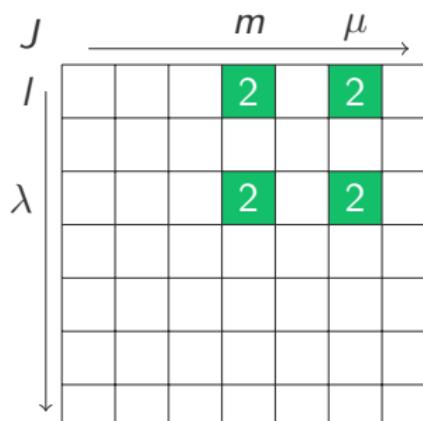
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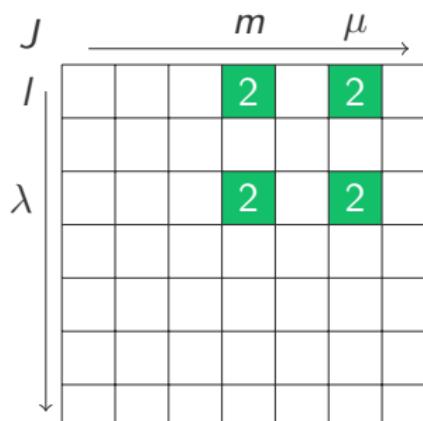
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$\implies$  contradiction