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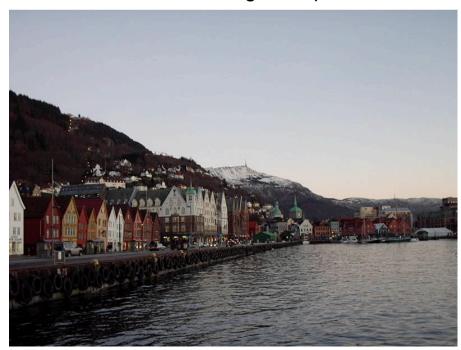
TMRA 2007

2007-10-11



The City of Bergen

- Second largest city in Norway
 - 244,000 inhabitants
 - 18,000 administration employees
- Located in western Norway
 - long history of hanseatic connections
 - former Norwegian capital





http://www.bouvet.no/



The project

A new citizen's portal for the city administration

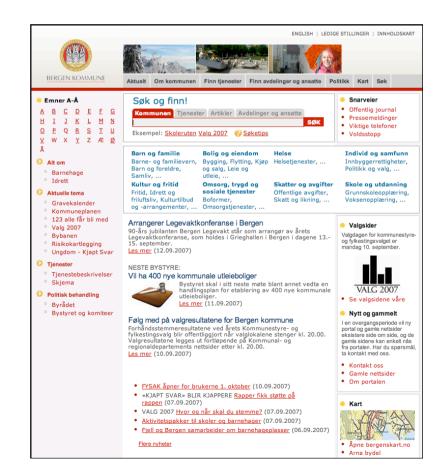
- strategic decision to make portal main interface for interaction with citizens
- as many services as possible are to be moved online

Big project

- started in late 2004, to continue at least into 2008
- ~5 million Euro spent by launch date
- 1.7 million Euro budgeted for 2007
- Topic Maps development is a fraction of this (less than 25%)

Many companies involved

- Bouvet/Ontopia
- Avenir
- KPMG
- Karabin
- Escenic





Customer goals

Portal must

- be easy for citizens to navigate,
- have effective search, and
- have flexible components for building pages

Content to be organized by subject

not by internal organizational structure

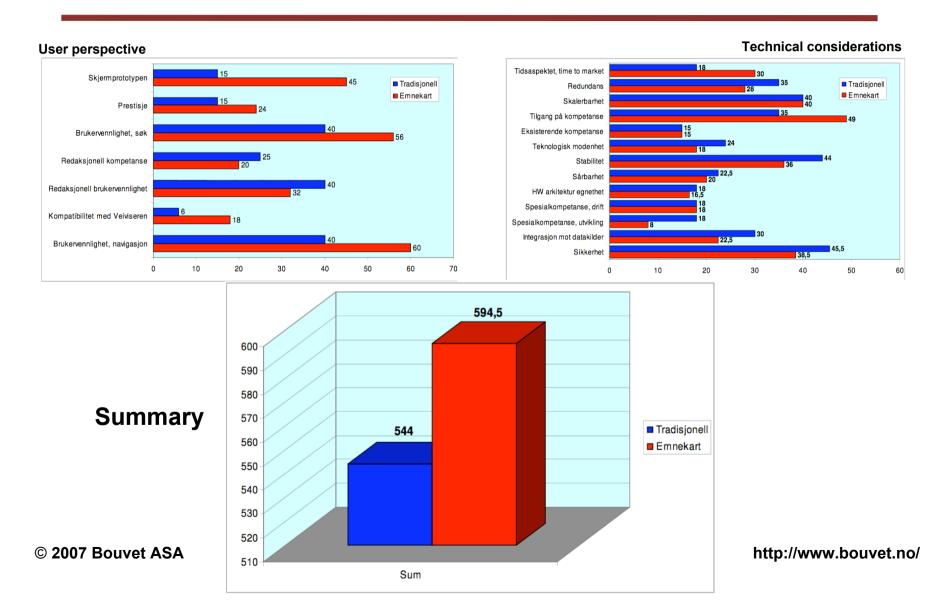
Data integration a key point

- need to collect data from many sources
- avoid manual entry of data where possible
- must be flexible



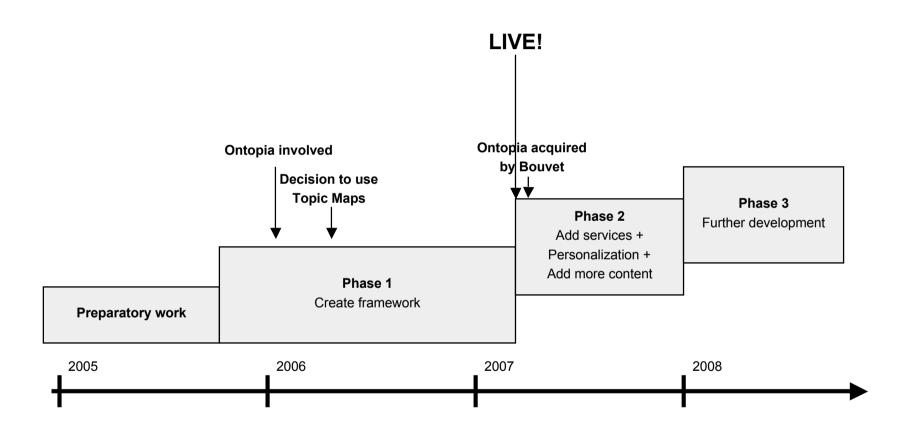


Decision to use Topic Maps





Timeline





Phase 1

Create solution concept

- done by Ontopia and Bouvet, with assistance from customer
- ontology,
- data flow design,
- administrative interface design
- overall solution proposal

Update interaction design

mainly Bouvet, with Ontopia, Avenir, and customer

Implement portal and data integration

mainly Bouvet, with support from Ontopia, Avenir, and customer

Testing, content creation

mainly Bergen, also Bouvet



Phase 1, product development

Escenic

integration of OKS with Escenic CMS

DB2TM

- new OKS module for RDBMS-to-TM conversions
- also does data synchronization

Ontopoly

user interface improvements to meet user requirements



Phase 2

Add services

- going to add more services into the portal
- team of consultants reviewing adminstrative processes for suitability
- major task to implement in the organization afterwards

Personalization

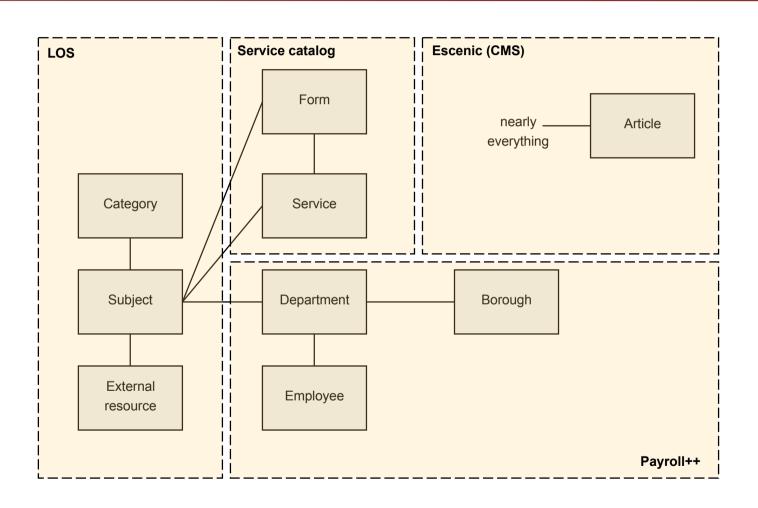
- each citizen to get an account in the system
- used for authentication with services
- users get personal page to review status of applications etc

Add content

- move content of organizational units from old solutions to the portal
- training of editors and authors
- process made more difficult by subject-based organization of content



Simplified original ontology





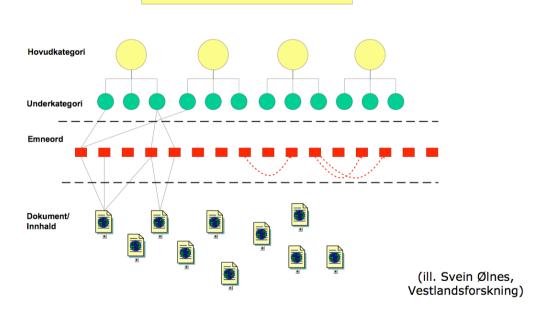
LOS

Common categorization for municipal administrations

- long-running project with changing names (and owners)
- published as a PSI in XTM set by Norge.no (Norway.no)
- http://www.norge.no/los/

Contents

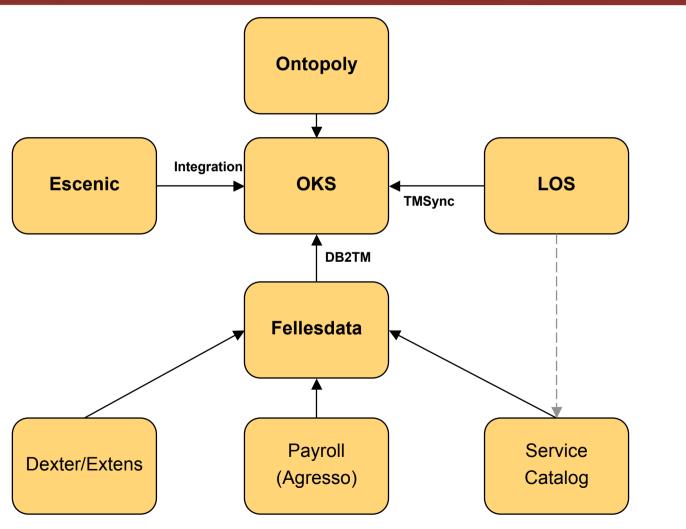
- a taxonomy of keywords
- a set of categorized resources
- a set of organizations
- a hierarchy of geographical locations



Offentleg tenestestruktur

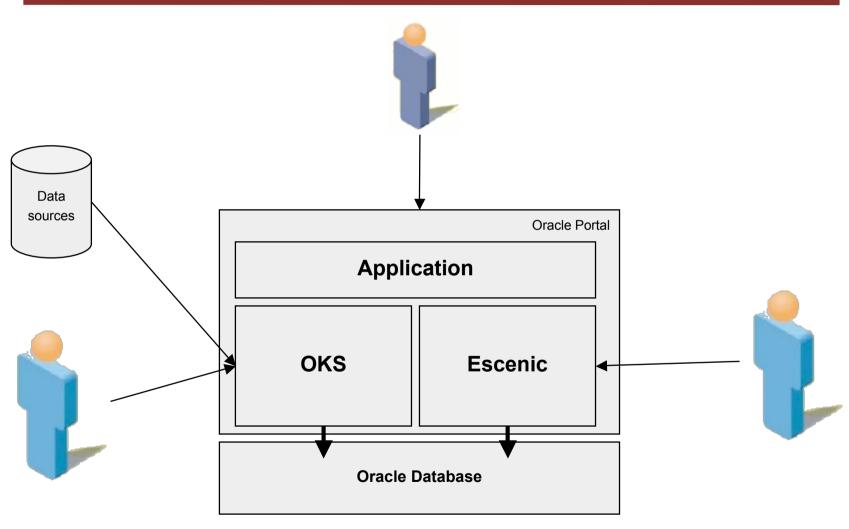


Data flow



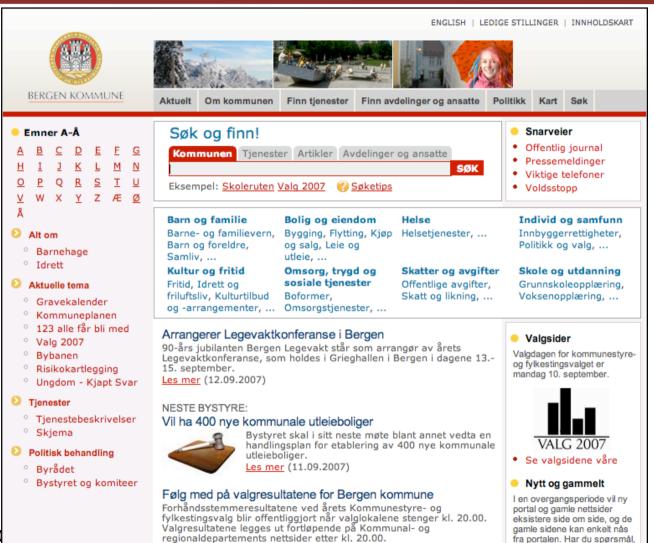


Conceptual architecture





The portal



Les mer (10.09.2007)

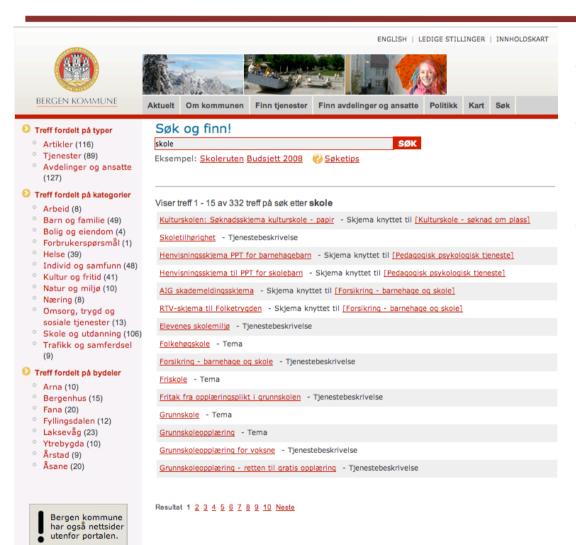
http://www.bouvet.no/

ta kontakt med oss.

Kontakt oss



Search for "school"



Search results on the right

with descriptions

Filters on the left

- by topic type
- by taxonomy category (LOS)
- by borough

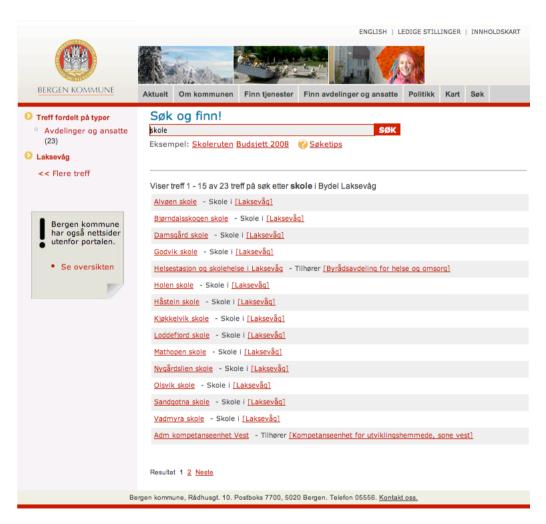
Tunable search

- promote/demote by topic type
- also by individual topic
- this just implemented

Se oversikten



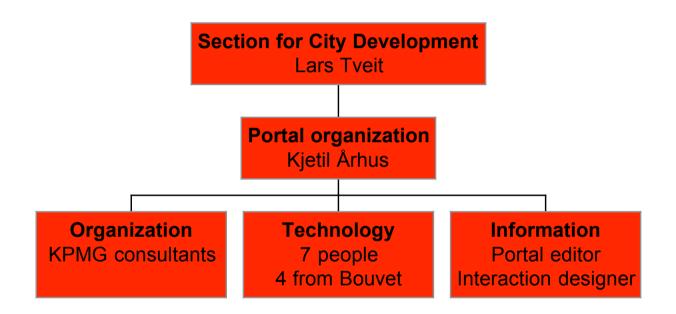
Filtered by "Laksevåg" borough



- Search here filtered by borough
- Now shows
 - schools in the borough
 - some units in the borough



Portal organization



In addition, ~45 editors and authors in the various units are responsible for content in various parts of the portal.



The Escenic CMS

Norwegian product



- has 95% of the media market in Norway
- good international presence: The Times, de Telegraaf, The Independent, ...

Java-based

- both web interface and desktop interface
- Bergen uses only the web interface

The integration

- articles and sections from the CMS represented as topics in the topic map
- Ontopoly editor integrated into the web interface
- authors/editors write articles in Escenic
- then add associations into the topic map, also (seemingly) in Escenic
- full-text search from the topic map also uses text in the CMS



Performance

Traffic

_	Requests February - May 2007:	21,691,054
_	Requests February - May 2007:	21,691,054

Average requests/day: 189,000

Average requests/second:2.2

Data size

_	Topics	7182	
_	Associations	1631 ⁻	1

Associations 16311Occurrences 16859

OccurrencesArticles168591140

Time to service requests

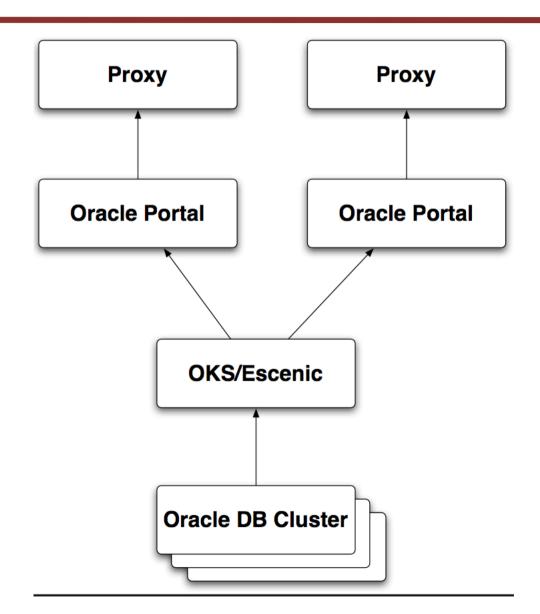
_	0 seconds	55 %	, 0
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- 0.01 seconds - 0.1 seconds28 %

0.1 seconds - 1 seconds12 %



Technical architecture



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http://www.bouvet.no/



Good parts

Met the customer's goals

- easy to find information etc
- flexible solution for portal design, data integration etc
- data integration really works

Developers liked it

- more intuitive way of working with data
- "fun to work with Topic Maps"

Editors like the system

- great deal of control over presentation
- good "toolbox"
- can tune search and other aspects



Not so good parts

Feeling of being "First people on the moon"

- steep learning curve
- little information on the web

Immature technology

- some components developed for the project
- tools don't support everything

Interaction design problems

- interaction design developed before TMs considered
- not enough time set aside to rework interaction design

Missing content

- content in portal not the content users seek
- big project to solve this



Lessons learned

- Editors need finer distinctions than users do
 - "everything about" vs "interest area" vs "theme" vs "subject"
 - important to the editors
 - incomprehensible to the users!
- Maintaining the user's perspective is very hard
 - who knows what the users really want and need?
 - search logs are crucial
- Training of editors/authors is key
 - most people don't understand categorization
- Information design is more than interaction design and ontology
 - it's also a question of how content is broken up and presented